# **TRi-ExcelLink Version 2.0 - Guide**

# **Introduction**

The TRi-ExcelLink software works by acting on a number of "*Actions*" that you can define to configure which data you want to read or write, from which PLC, and the IP address of the TLServer to which the PLC is connected. The "*Action*" also define the spreadsheet cell or a range of cells that the data should be stored or retrieved for read/write actions to the PLC.

Since the M-series PLCs rely on the TLServer to provide them the network connectivity as well as managing the username/password authentications, the TRi-ExcelLink software groups all the "*Actions*" that pass through a particular TLServer as a "*Site*". A *Site* is simply a PC running the TLServer software that has an IP address and with a specific username/password (if it is connected to the LAN or the Internet it will have an IP address shown on the TLServer screen. TRi-ExcelLink software can also work in the **local mode** on the <u>same PC where the TLServer</u> is located, in this case the IP address is simply a localhost address 127.0.0.1:9080)



The program allows up to 8 *Sites*" to be defined and accessed simultaneously. Each *Site* can be defined with up to 100 independent *Actions* to interact with the PLCs that are connected to this *Site* (i.e. the TLServer). Hence, the TRi-ExcelLink software allows you to, on a single Excel spreadsheet, display or write data to hundreds of PLCs in real time!

### Two Methods of Executing TRi-ExcelLink Actions

1. **RUN** Button: Normally you begin by defining the active *Sites* and the active *Actions* using the TRi-ExcelLink extremely simple user-interface. When you are ready for the show, just click on the "RUN" button to launch the actions. The software will first process all active *Actions* once, follow by periodically processing those READ *Actions*that have a non-zero "Period" parameter. This is the simplest and most natural way of using this software and requires no programming at all. There is no need to write any macro or equations in the Excel spreadsheet because TRi-ExcelLink software automatically fills the spreadsheet cells with data according to the manner defined in their "Action Configuration" window. 2. DDERequest from other DDE clients: TRi-ExcelLink software is itself also a DDEserver, and all the pre-defined "Actions" can also be remotely triggered by other DDE-capable client programs such as MSExcel, MSWord via theDDERequest. This enables great flexibility to programmers who wish to have finer control of the data capturing process in their Macros, yet saving them lots of work in defining where to store the captured data . <u>Click here for descriptions on the DDERequest and view some examples</u>

### **Home Screen**

Once the TRI-ExcelLink software is running, you will see the following screen:

🖆 TRi-ExcelLink Version 2.0			
Internet PLC	C - ExcelLink		
S1: Localhost Demo	S9: Click to Setup	RUN	
S2: Click to Setup	S10: Click to Setup		
S3: Click to Setup	S11: Click to Setup	Pause	
S4: Click to Setup	S12: Click to Setup	STOP	
S5: Click to Setup	S13: Click to Setup		
S6: Click to Setup	S14: Click to Setup	F1-Help	
S7: Click to Setup	S15: Click to Setup	Evit	
S8: Click to Setup	S16: Click to Setup	EXIL	
S1-S16 are TLServer "S	Sites" with unique URL		
Excel Filename:			
Sheet name:			
Save Now Auto	Save Every(s)	Clear Msg	
		<u>_</u>	
<		>	

• S1-S8: Click on any of the S1 to S8 button to define the configuration for a "*Site*". A *Site* is a TLServer that has an IP address, a username and a password associated with it. Each *Site* can be defined with up to 100 "*Actions*". You can define a *Site* and selectively define it as either "Active" or "Inactive".

An active *Site* appears as a light blue color button. Inactive *Sites* are shown as gray color buttons. If a*Sitename* has been defined it will be displayed on the button (e.g. "Localhost Demo" in the diagram).

• Excel Filename & Sheet name: The Excel document to be opened and used for interaction with the PLC. If the Filename is left blank then a new file (e.g. "Book1") will be opened everytime a new action cycles begin.

#### RUN

Button: When you click on this button, the TRI-ExcelLink software will open the Excel File (if it has not already been opened), log-on to all active *Sites* and carry out the active *Actions* defined in each *Site*. The "RUN" button will turn into green color once the process has been successfully started, and the "Stop" button will turn into pale blue color. The following events will take place:

- All <u>active</u> Actions, including those with period = 0.0s, will be executed once when the "RUN" button is first pressed.
- All active READ *Actions* with non-zero period will continue to capture data from the PLC periodically.
- An active WRITE Action will be executed only once whenever the "RUN" button is pressed and automatically whenever any of its defined cell range in the spreadsheet has been changed.
- If the process is already running (i.e. "RUN" button has become green color), then each time you press the "RUN" button again all those Actions with period = 0.0s (including all the "Write" Actions) will be executed once. This also applies also to the case where the run action has been paused by the "Pause" button,

#### Pause

Button: Click to temporary suspend all readings and writings to the Excel Spreadsheet. The program will not log out of active TLServers that it has already logged on so that it can resume interaction with the spreadsheet immediately when it is released from the "Pause" state. This button will change to yellow color when paused. Clicking on the "Pause" button again will release the program from the "Pause" state.

**Note**: You should always pause the program before you start to manipulate the Excel spreadsheet such as clicking on their scroll bars, saving the spreadsheet etc. This is because the Excel program sometime behaves unpredictably if it receives DDE commands while interacting with users. E.g. it could clear a large part of the spreadsheet or rejecting or ignoring incoming DDE commands and hence resulting in loss of data.

#### STOP

Button: Click to stop all the *Actions* and log out from all the active *Sites*. The "Stop" button will turn into red color and the "RUN" button will turn into pale blue color button when all the processes have been stopped. STOP button will also cancel the "Pause" state if the program has been paused.

### Exit

Button: End the program by clicking on this button. You will be asked if you wish to save all the configuration settings of *Sites* and *Actions* defined in this session. All configuration settings are saved in the "EXLCONFIG1.CFG" file in installation directory of the program. You can copy this file to another computer to obtain the same configuration settings for the TRi-ExcelLink software.

## Save Now

Button: Click to force the Excel program to save the spreadsheet file immediately without the need to pause the program first. This is a safer way of saving the spreadsheet data than using the Excel's own "File -> Save" command. Please read the "Note" paragraph in the description of the "Pause" button above, to understand the reasons why you should avoid using the "File->Save" command in the spreadsheet program to save the data, unless you first pause the program using the "Pause" button.

### Auto Save Every(s) 100

Auto Save Every(s) 100 : You can also elect to save the spreadsheet file periodically. Enter the number of seconds between two consecutive "save" actions. The ExcelLink program will then periodically command the Excel program to save the spreadsheet file whenever it has made changes to the spreadsheet. If the program is not writing new data to the spreadsheet (such as when it is in STOP or PAUSE mode) then it will not trigger the save action. Note that Excel spreadsheet can take up a few seconds to perform the save operation before resuming to accept incoming data from ExcelLink, so there may be loss of new incoming data during the saving operation. Leave this field blank if you do not wish to auto-save the spreadsheet.

• The bottom-most gray text window is for displaying system messages, including error messages.

# Site Configuration

When you click on any of the S1 to S8 buttons in the Home Screen, the Site Configuration window is opened as shown below. Note that the Site Number (1-8) is displayed in the Titlebar of this window:

<b>8</b> 0	Config	juratio	on of N	letwo	rk Site: S	i1	<u>- 🗆 ×</u>
s	ite Na	ime:	localh	ost			Active?
	ι	JRL:	127.0	.0.1:90	080	-	
				E.g.	127.0.0.1	1:9080	I
U	serna	ime:	samp	les			
P	assw	ord:	****				
	Do	uble-c	lick A1	A100	) buttons	To Edi	it Action
	A1	ID=0	1 R	EAD	CLock[3	] 0.	2s 🔺
	A2	ID=0	1 R	EAD	CLock[3	] 1.	0s 🗖
	A3	ID=0	1 W	RITE	DM[2]	0.	Os 👘 👘
	A4 -	ID=0	1 W	RITE	DM[1]	0.	Os
	A5 -	ID=0	1 R	EAD	DM[10]	0.	Os 🚽
	AG I	1					
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You define the parameters required for logging in to the TLServer:

- Site Name helps identify the URL (this is optional). If defined the Site Name text will be displayed on the S1-S8 buttons in the Home screen.
- URL: The IP address and port number E.g. 127.0.0.1:9080 (that will be for local host) or 192.168.123.1:8080, etc.
- Username a user that has been defined in the TLServer.
- Password the password associated with this user.
- Active checkbox: Check it to define this as an active Site. i.e. all the active Actions defined in this Site will be executed when "Run" button of the home screen is clicked. An active Site will also be shown as a light blue color button in the <u>Home Screen</u>.
- A1 to A100 buttons: Double-click on any of these buttons allow you to define up to 100 <u>Actions</u> per Site. An Action is where you define which data element to extract, from which PLC, which spreadsheet cell or range of cells that you want the data to be stored to or taken from, and how frequently you want it done. An Action can also be set active or inactive and those active ones are shown as light blue color buttons. Some parameters of the defined Actions are displayed alongside their respective button for a quick glance of their definitions. An undefined Action will not have any parameter displayed next to their button.

# Action Definition

The Action Definition window will be opened after you double-click any of the A1-A100 button in the Site Configuration Window.

Site S1: PLC-to-Excel Link Action A2	ОК	Record the currently defined parameters for this Action.
Action Read A Range of DMs  Cancel Uariable DM [n] Cancel Var. Index 3 Var. Counts 10 Delete	Cancel	Cancel the current Action definition. The original Action parameters will be restored.
0 for single-shot; 10 means repeat every 1.0s         Excel Linkage Cell Locations         Start Col.       A       No. of Col.       3         Start Row       10       No. of Row       4         Fill Row, Then Down       Time Stamp         Fill Column, Then Right       Roll Over when filled	Delete	Delete this Action definition so that the parameters defined here will not show up in the "Site Configuration" windows at the area of the A1-A100 buttons.

- Active checkbox Determine whether this Action you defined here is active. You can define a number of Actionsand selectively activate some of them in accordance to your current objective. An "active" Action will be displayed as a light blue (A1-A100) button in the Site Configuration window for easy identification. Only "active" Actions will be executed when the "Run" button in the Home Screen is pressed. (Note: An inactive Action can also be executed by remote DDE client using DDERequest commands as described in the document "Controlling ExcelLink from other DDE Client")
- **PLC ID**: 00 to FF (hex) Since each TLServer can connect to a network of PLCs on an RS485 network, you can specify the ID of the PLC for this *Action*. Theoretically up to 256 PLCs may be connected to a single TLServer. Enter the ID as a hexadecimal number from 00 to FF.
- **Period**: If this is a READ *Action* this parameter determines how often the action should be repeated periodically. If you want to capture the value of a data every 5 seconds then set it to 50. If the period is set to 0 then this *Action* is only executed once whenever the "Run" button is clicked and the *Action* will not be repeated periodically.

**Note**: The Period simply determine the "sleep" time between two consecutive actions and is NOT an exact, deterministic interval from one execution of this *Action* to its next execution. The time delay caused by execution of each action is not accounted for. Some actions, such as reading or writing a range of DMs, may take up to several seconds to complete and it will not be possible to execute other actions at the precise interval as specified in the "Period" field.

If you define an *Action* as a "Write Single Variable" or "Write A Range of DMs", the program automatically changes the "Period" field to 0. There is no need to keep writing to the PLC unless there is a change in the data to be written. Hence these kind of *Actions* are only executed

whenever the "Run" button in the home screen is pressed and when the data in the spreadsheet cell(s) have been changed (the latter is an automatic procedure).

• Action: The are four choices available: <u>Read</u> <u>Single variable; Read a range of DM; Write</u> <u>Single variable, Write a range of DM</u>.

Read Single Variable will extract the value of the target system variable (as defined by the Variable and the Var. Index fields) from the PLC and insert it into the Excel Spreadsheet cell (or range of cells) periodically.

Write Single Variable will take the data out of the spreadsheet cell (as defined in the "Excel Linkage Cell Locations" section) and write it into the PLC.

If "Read A range of DMs" or "Write A Range of DMs" is selected then theVar.Count field will become visible for you to define the number of DMs that you want read into the spreadsheet or write from the spreadsheet.

 Variable: Select from a list of all the system variables such as DM[n], INPUT[n].
 OUTPUT[n]....etc. All the PLC's system variables, including all timer and counter Present Values (PV) as well as Set Values (SV) can be read from or written to the PLC.

This selection, combined with the index to the system variable defined in**Var. Index**, is used to select the exact variable that you wish to read from or write to the PLC.

Note: if the "Action" choice is either "Read A Range of DMs" or "Write A Range of DMs" then this selection is automatically fixed at "DM[n]" and cannot be changed.

Var. Count: This field only appears when the "Action" choice is either to "Read A Range of DMs" or "Write A Range of DMs". It indicates the total number of DMs of interest, starting from DM[ value in Var. Index].

In this example, 10 DMs starting from DM[3], will be taken from the PLC and fill into the spreadsheet cells. i.e. DM[3] to DM[12] are the data to be captured into the spreadsheet.

### **Excel Linkage Cell Locations**

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The TRi-ExcelLink software lets you define where and how you want the captured data to be stored into the Excel spreadsheet. When capturing data from a single variable or a range of DMs, you can define it such that the captured data will either occupy a single cell (for "Read Single Variable") or populate a range of cells defined here. You even have a choice of whether the cells are being filled from left to right or top to bottom and whether the data should be rolled over once the data have populated the entire defined range of cells.



Action	Read	Single V	ariable	•
Variable	DM [n	]	-	[
Var. Index	DM [ n Input [ Output	] n] t[n]	<b>^</b>	
	Relay	[n]		ple to m
Star	Timer Counti Timer Counti	(n) er[n] PV[n] er PV[n]	1	<b>II Loca</b> No. of C
Star	t Row	10		No. of R

Fill from left to right until full,	then next row
Excel Linkage Cell	Locations
Start Col. A No	o, of Col. 3
Start Row 10 No	. of Row 4
<ul> <li>Fill Row, Then Down</li> <li>Fill Column, Then Right</li> </ul>	Time Stamp Roll Over when filled

- Start Col & Start Row: The first cell location where data will be captured to or obtained from. E.g. Cell A10 is Col.= A and Row = 10.
- No. of Col. & No. of Row: These two numbers define a range of cells for capturing the data from READ actions or holding the data to be used for WRITE actions. If the action is to read a single variable, then the entire range of cells will be filled one at a time with the direction defined by the radio buttons: "Fill Row, Then Down" or "Fill Column, Then Right". If you want only a single cell to capture the data in real time, then set both numbers to "1".

When "Write Single Variable" is selected, both the No. of Row and No. of Col. fields will be set to1. When "Read A Range of DMs" or "Write A Range of DMs" are selected, the No. of Row x No. of Col. has to be greater than or equal to the number defined in the "**Var. Count**" field to be accepted. <u>Roll Over are not allowed in reading or writing DMs</u>.

- "Fill Row, Then Down" or "Fill Column, Then Right" radio buttons: If "Fill Row, Then Down" button is selected, then in this example, the data will be filled starting from cell A10, B10, C10, A11, B11, C11.... all the way until C13. If "Fill Column, Then right" button is selected, then the cells will be filled in the following order: A10, A11, A12, A13, B10, B11, B12, .... until C12, C13.
- Roll Over when filled checkbox. When unchecked, the data capture operation will stop after the last cell (C13 in this example) is filled. If checked, then the data filling process will roll over to the first cell when the last cell has been filled. In this example, after filling the cell C13, the next captured data will be filled to the cell A10, B10..... and so on. If both No. of Row and No. of Col. are "1" then this checkbox will be automatically checked by the software to avoid the misperception that the data were not captured.
- **Time Stamp** If checked, then the column <u>before</u> (to the left) the "Start Col." will be used to record the time-stamp of when the data are being captured . In this case it is obvious that "Start Col." cannot begin from Column A because then there wouldn't be any column before column "A" for recording the time-stamp. The program automatically pushes the "Start Col." to column "B" when this happens.

Note that the time-stamp recorded will be based on the clock in the PC where the TRi-ExcelLink runs on, and not from the real time clock in the PLC.

# **DDE Control**

When the TRi-ExcelLink program is loaded an internal DDEServer will be running regardless of whether the "Run" or the "Stop" button has been pressed. This allows other DDE clients such as a macro in the Excel spreadsheet or Wordbasic macro to remotely control the executions of the predefined "Actions" defined in the TRi-ExcelLinkprogram. The remote DDE client can even trigger the "Run", "Pause" and "Stop" button to control the operation of the TRi-ExcelLink software. An Excel file "testmacro.xls" which contains some macros for sending DDERequest to the TRi-ExcelLink software can be found at the program's installation folder.

Only the DDERequest command is supported by the TRi-ExcelLink DDE server with the following parameters:

DDE System Name:	"XLLINKSVR"
DDE Topic Name= " <mark>Action</mark> "	Purpose - For requesting the execution of an "Action" defined in the program.Item - "SnAm" where n is the Site No. (1-8) and m is the Action No. (1-100).
	Returned String: OK - action has been scheduled successfully. Otherwise error string will be returned.
	Note: Both <u>active</u> and <u>inactive</u> "Actions" can be executed by this DDERequest. However a <i>Site</i> must be active and running before its defined action can be executed due to the need to log-in to the TLServer of the defined <i>Site</i> .
DDE Topic Name= "Command"	Purpose - For controlling the "Run", "Pause" and "Stop" button of the TRi-ExcelLink program. Item - Only three Item names are currently supported: "Run", "Pause" and "Stop". Returned String: OK - command has been performed.

xamples 1: - Trigger the action defined at: Site #1, Action #1 Sub Macro1() channelNumber = Application.DDEInitiate("xILinkSvr", "Action") DataArray = Application.DDERequest(channelNumber, "\$1A1") Application.DDETerminate channelNumber Sheets("Sheet1").Range(Cells(1, 1), Cells(1, 1)).FormulaArray = DataArray ' display the returned string at cell A1. Example 2: - Trigger the action defined at: Site #5, Action #67 Sub Macro1() channelNumber = Application.DDEInitiate("xILinkSvr", "Action") DataArray = Application.DDERequest(channelNumber, "S5A67") Application.DDETerminate channelNumber Sheets("Sheet1").Range(Cells(1, 1), Cells(1, 1)).FormulaArray = DataArray ' display the returned string at cell A1. Example 3: - Trigger the "Run" button of the TRi-ExcelLink software. Sub RunXLLink() channelNumber = Application.DDEInitiate("XLLinkSvr", "Command") DataArray = Application.DDERequest(channelNumber, "Run") Application.DDETerminate channelNumber Sheets("Sheet1").Range(Cells(1, 1), Cells(1, 1)).FormulaArray = DataArray End Sub